


Name: _____

Lesson 5 review

<p>1. What is a metropolitan area?</p>	<p>a major city and its surrounding suburbs</p> 
<p>3. Which of the following is a statement that a person opposing urban growth might say?</p>	<p>Developing rural areas destroys habitats for plants and animals.</p>
<p>5. As Portland, Oregon began to expand in the 1960s and 1970s, people feared that</p>	<p>the rich farmland of the Willamette Valley would be covered by development.</p>
<p>6. In Portland, the legal border that separates urban land from rural land is called</p>	<p>an urban growth boundary.</p>
<p>8. What is one benefit of a mixed-use development?</p>	<p>People can live, work, and shop in the same neighborhood.</p>
<p>9. How did Toronto address its problems with a rundown urban core in the 1960s?</p>	<p>It rebuilt its downtown through infill projects, including many skyscrapers.</p>

<p>12. According to Toronto's Official Plan, most new developments will consist of</p>	<p>infill and mixed-use projects in the urban core.</p>
<p>14. After violating the Clean Air Act, what did Atlanta do to improve air quality?</p>	<p>It cut pollution by creating a regional transportation system to get people out of their cars.</p>
<p>16. What resulted from Atlanta's commitment to building a regional public transit system?</p>	<p>The city now meets Clean Air Act standards.</p>
<p>17. Which of the following statements about the United States and Canada is true?</p>	<p>Development continues to push into the rural fringe in both countries.</p>
<p>18. Why does urban sprawl continue in the United States and Canada?</p>	

